



Influence Networks in International Relations

SHAHRYAR MINHAS¹

PETER D. Hoff^2

MICHAEL D. WARD^1

 1 Duke University, Dept. of Political Science 2 University of Washington–Seattle, Dept. of Statistics & Biostatistics



OVERVIEW

In this project, we present a novel approach to modeling how relational data structures evolve. The core of our approach is a bilinear network autoregression model through which we can estimate the effects of endogenous and exogenous covariates, and construct a parameter space of how actors in this system are influencing one another. Within this framework we also provide a mechanism to assess what drives how influential certain actors are for others in the network. We employ this approach to understanding the evolution of material conflict within the ICEWS dataset from March 2001 to December 2012.

NETWORK AUTOREGRESSION

Let $Y = \{Y_t : t = 1, ..., T\}$ be a time series of sociomatrices.

$$M = \{\mu_{i,j,t}\} = A\tilde{Y}_t B^T$$

$$\mu_{i,j,t} = a_i^T Y_{t-1} b_j = \sum_{i'} \sum_{j'} a_{ii'} b_{jj'} \tilde{y}_{i'j't}$$

Social Influence Regression

What characteristics of i or i' are related to the influence $a_{ii'}$? To answer this, we consider a linear regression model for $a_{ii'}$ and $b_{jj'}$, given by $a_{ii'} = \alpha^T w_{ii'}$ and $b_{jj'} = \beta^T w_{jj'}$, where $w_{ii'}$ is a vector of nodal and dyadic covariates specific to pair ii'. The network autoregression model becomes

$$\mu_{i,j,t} = \sum_{i'j'} a_{ii'} \tilde{y}_{i'j't} b_{jj'}$$

$$= \sum_{i'j'} \alpha^T w_{ii'} \tilde{y}_{i'j't} w_{jj'}^T \beta$$

$$= \alpha^T \left(\sum_{i'j'} \tilde{y}_{i'j't} w_{ii'} w_{jj'}^T \right) \beta$$

$$= \alpha^T X_{ijt} \beta$$

Additional variables can be accommodated by:

$$\mu_{ij,t} = \theta^T z_{ij,t} + \alpha^T X_{ij,t} \beta$$

In our case Y is a times series of count matrices, thus we model $y_{i,j,t} \sim \text{Poisson}(e^{\mu_{i,j,t}})$, where $\tilde{y}_{i,j,t} = \log(y_{i,j,t-1}+1)$.

ESTIMATION

We use an iterative block coordinate descent method for estimation of θ , α and β . Given initial values of β , iterate the following until convergence:

1. Find the conditional MLE of (θ, α) given β using IWLS; 2. Find the conditional MLE of (θ, β) given α using IWLS.













